



How to explain & teach the osteopathic principle of the inner physician from a medical accessible point of view











Welcome







Introduction

The inner physician

The parasympathetic framework

The therapist & inner physician

The ghostbuster

Roles of the Therapist through the ages





Introduction

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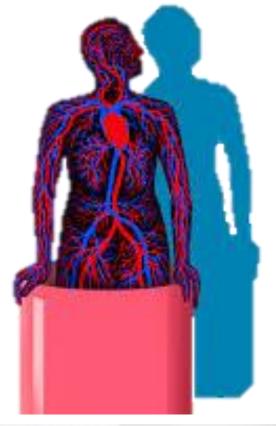
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The inner physician

The doctor's round has become square... (Raymond Perrin)

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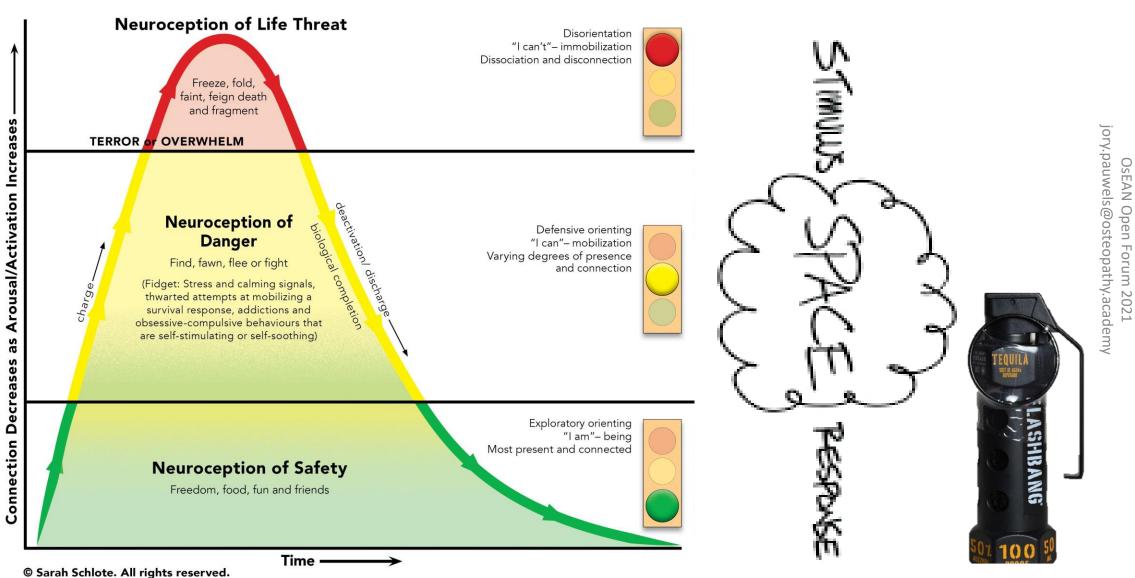
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PS framework





Principles Crosstalk Brain & body

(Hellhammer DH, Hellhammer J (eds): Stress. The Brain-Body Connection. Key Issues in Mental Health. Basel, Karger, 2008, vol 174, pp 21–38)

- Swiss physiologist and Nobel laureate W.R. Hess: 'ergotropic' and 'trophotropic'
- Hypothalamic-PituitaryAdrenal Axis (HPAA) as a third (endocrine) system: 'glandotropic system' (adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)) (cortisol inhibit the release of pro-inflammatory cytokines)
- HPA, HPC, HPThy & SAM

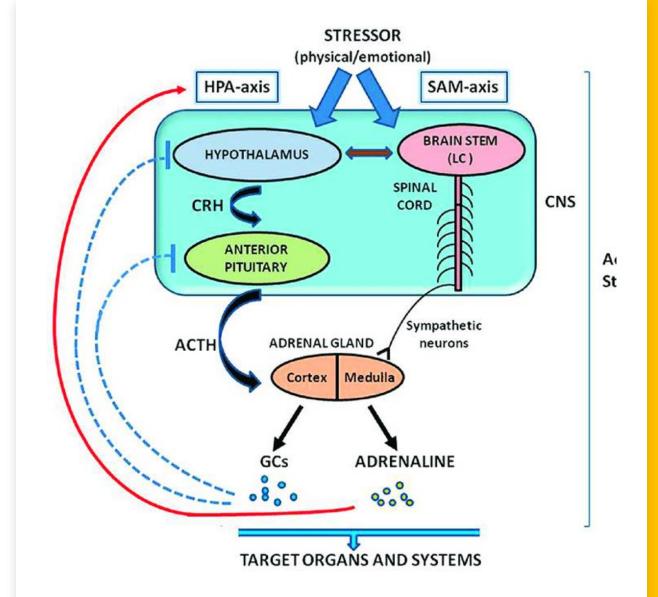




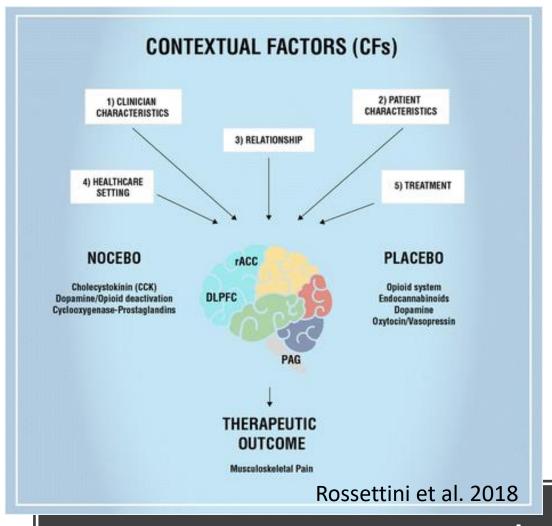
HPA & SAM

(Sympathomedullary Pathway)

Locus Coeruleus: (or caeruleus or ceruleus), dark blue (CV4) is a nucleus in the pons of the brainstem involved with physiological responses to stress and panic. The locus coeruleus is the principal site for brain synthesis of norepinephrine (noradrenaline). The locus coeruleus and the areas of the body affected by the norepinephrine it produces are described collectively as the locus coeruleusnoradrenergic system or LC-NA system. Norepinephrine may also be released directly into the blood from the adrenal medulla. (Mehler, Mark F.; Dominick P. Purpura, 2009)

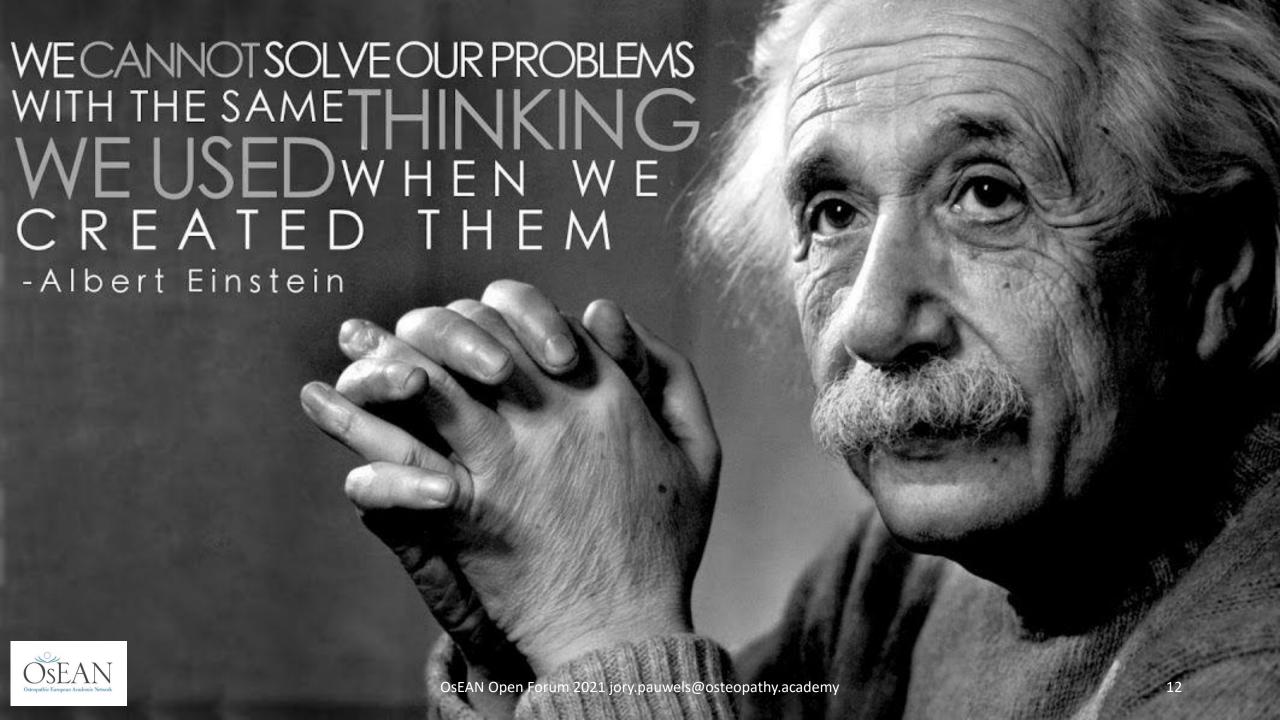








From Nocebo to Placebo effect



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Practitionercentred

Identity strong/ distinct, defends traditional theories/ principles, biomedical view, emphasises hands-on skills

• I don't need patients to dictate what I do. I didn't spend all this time training for a patient, who doesn't understand osteopathy, to tell me how they want me to treat and manipulate their joints. (P1)

Uniqueness...

Conception of osteopathy

Collaborative

Identity less defined, critical of traditional theories/principles, biopsychosocial view, emphasises communication skills

• I spend lots of time discussing and explaining what the options are with patients. I'll say, "this is what I can do to treat this with osteopathy and this is what you can do". (P7)

Empowerment

Identity less defined, critical of theories/principles, biopsychosocial view, emphasises educational skills

• By giving patients choice it treats them as an adult and gives them autonomy...so they are in control. (P6)

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RESEARCH REPORT

and conceptions — A qualitative grounded theory study



Oliver P. Thomson a,b,c,*, Nicola J. Petty b, Ann P. Moore b



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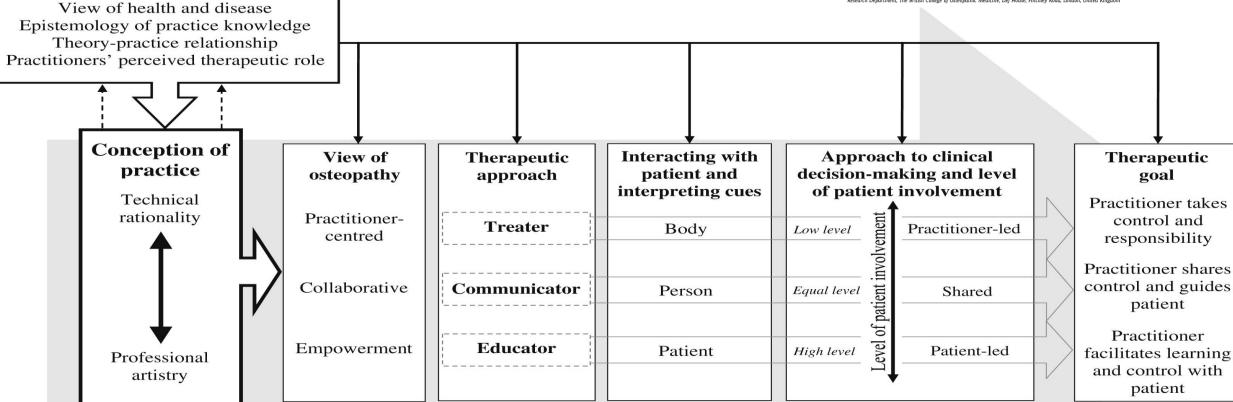
Original article

Clinical decision-making and therapeutic approaches in osteopathy – A qualitative grounded theory study



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...conception of practice



Influencing factors

Educational experience

goal

patient

patient

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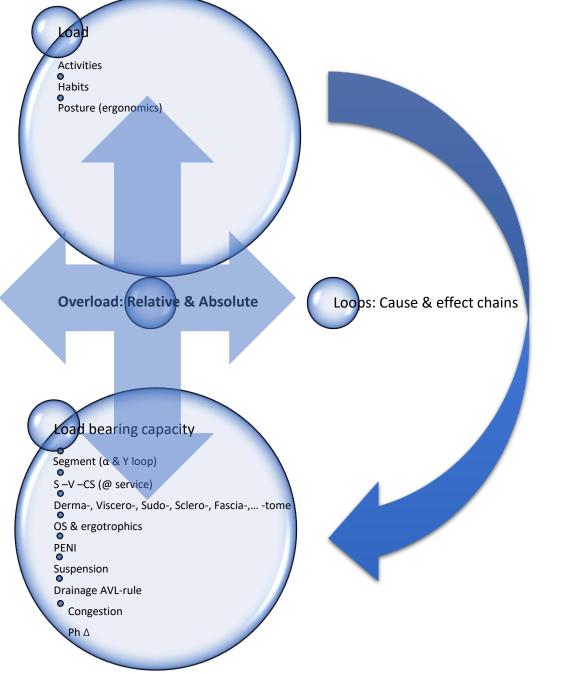
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From
Ghostbuster to
LoopLAS & GAS
eliminator

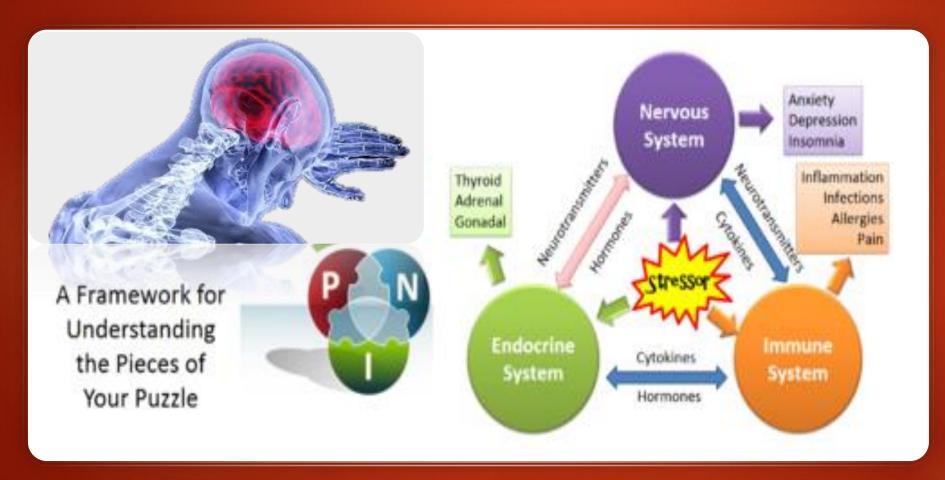




From blockage to Somatic dysfunction & PENI (França K, Lotti TM Psycho-Neuro-Endocrine-



Immunology: A Psychobiological Concept, Adv Exp Med Biol. 2017;996:123-134. doi: 10.1007/978-3-319-56017-5_11.)



- What is a somatic dysfunction?
- Use of PENI?
 (Holzer, Reichmann et Farzi,
 2012) (Borre, Moloney,
 Clarke, Dinan et Cryan,
 2014) (Luna et Foster, 2014)

Ader R.
Psychosomatic
Medicine 1975;37:4

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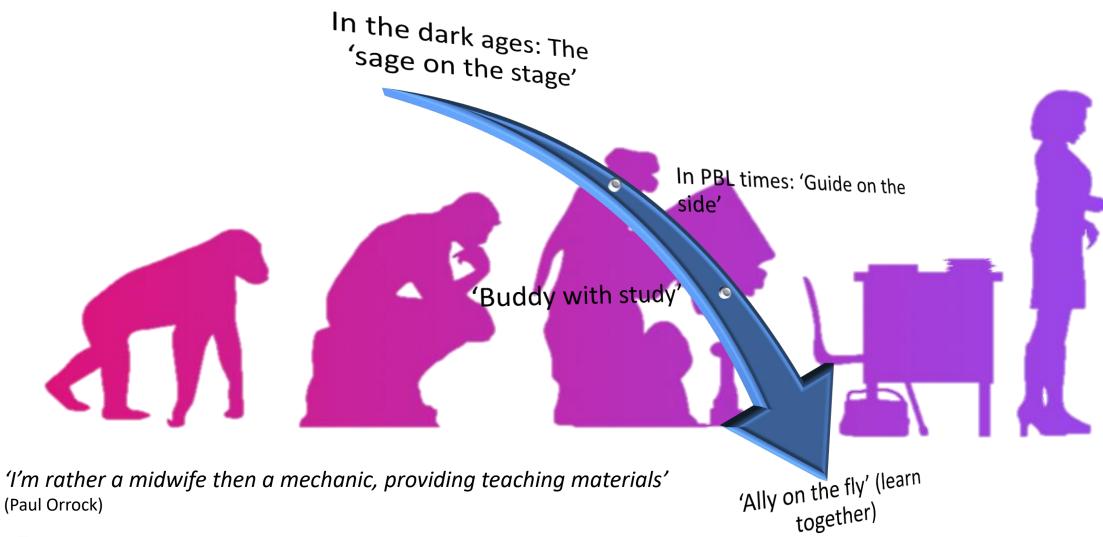
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Roles of the teacher / teacher through the ages





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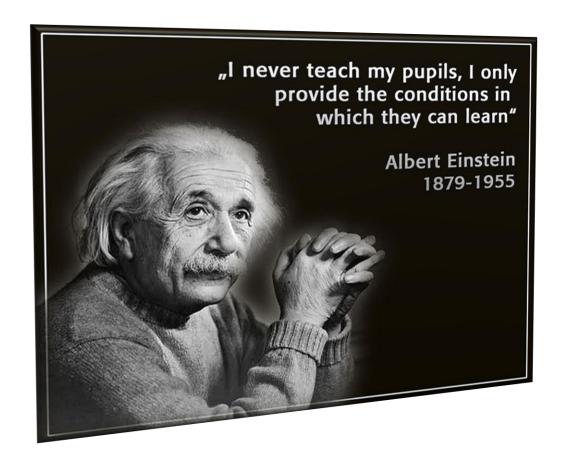
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Therapist - Teacher







Facilitator or fighter of Inner Physician?





ANY QUESTIONS?

